Engineering Adventures



Safe Removal of Invasive Species

Your Name:_



Message from the Duo



Hi everyone,

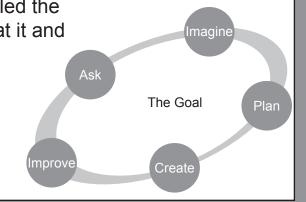
We're so excited to meet you! Our names are India and Jacob. We do a lot of traveling all over the world. We meet interesting people and see some amazing countries. Each place is unique, but we've found one thing in common. Everywhere we go in the world, we find problems that can be solved by engineers.

Engineers are problem solvers. They're people who design things that make our lives better, easier, and more fun! We heard you might be able to help us engineer solutions to some of the problems we find. That means you'll be engineers, too!

Today, we came across an engineering challenge we think you can help us solve. There are some animals living in a swamp along with lots of hungry alligators. The animals need to be at least 10 inches above the alligators to be out of their reach. India and I thought we could build a tall tower that the animals could stand on. Do you think you can engineer a tower to help?

We sent you one tool that we usually find really helpful when we're trying to engineer a solution to a problem. It's called the Engineering Design Process. Take a look at it and see if it can help you!

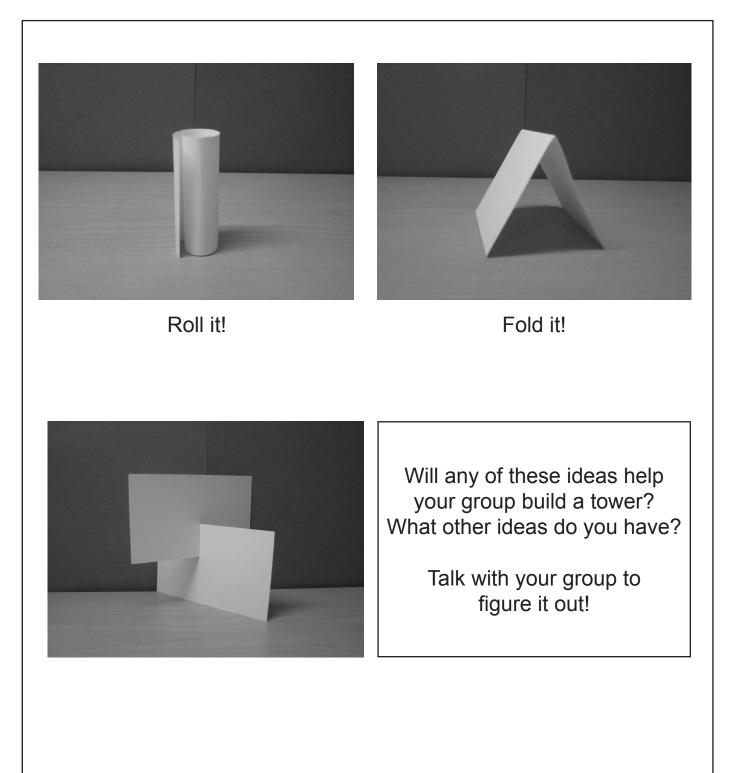
Good luck! India and Jacob

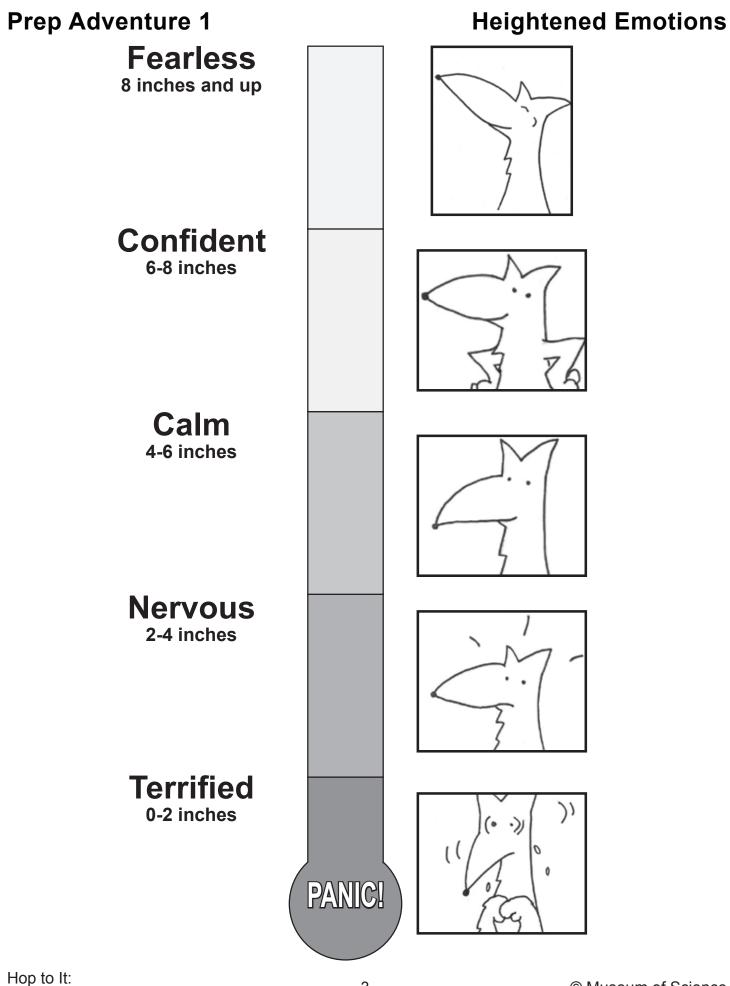


Building with Cards



Here are three ways to build with index cards.





Safe Removal of Invasive Species

Recording Page



Draw Your Tower Use the space below to draw a picture of your tower.

Which parts of your tower design would you change if you could do it again?

For the Record

I think engineering is:

- □ Fun
- □ Exciting
- □ Difficult

Message from the Duo

from: engineeringadventures@mos.org		reply forward	archive X delete
	from:	engineeringadventures@mos.org	o sije
	to:	You	
subject: What is Technology? 10:36 AM	subject:	What is Technology?	1 0:36 AM

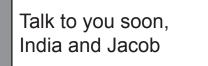
Hey Engineers,

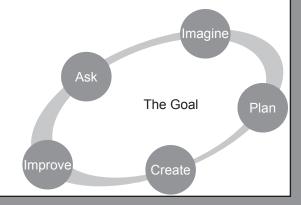
You did a great job engineering a tower to protect the animals in the swamp! Now, you can help us engineer more technologies.

Do you think that the things engineers *create* to solve problems are called technologies? Most people think technologies have to be electronic, but this isn't true. A technology is actually anything engineered by a person that solves a problem.

Think about an airplane as an example. An airplane is a technology because people engineered it, and it solves the problem of traveling long distances quickly. But something as simple as a paper cup is also a technology. A person engineered it, and it helps people hold drinks without spilling them everywhere.

We have a detective challenge for you today. We sent you some objects, and we want you to figure out if these are technologies or not. Lots of times, engineers think about ways to *improve* technologies. Can you use the Engineering Design Process to *imagine* ways to make these technologies even better?

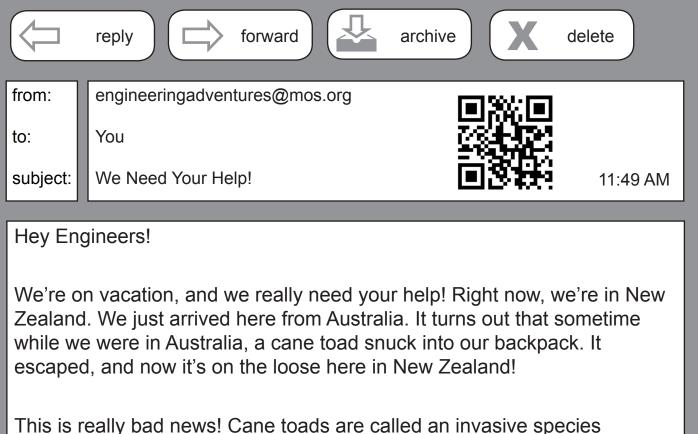




Engineer It

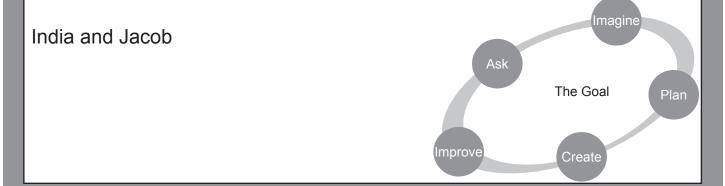
What is your g	roup's object?
Is it a tech	nnology?
Did a person engineer it?	Bonus: What problem does your object solve?
Does it help you solve a problem?	
If you answered YES to both o	questions, it is a technology!

Message from the Duo



Inis is really bad news! Cane toads are called an invasive species because they don't belong in this part of the world. They've caused a lot of problems for the animals and people in Australia. If we don't engineer a trap to catch the cane toad, they could become an invasive species here in New Zealand, too! We know we can use the Engineering Design Process to help us. The first step is to *ask* some good questions about cane toads. We've sent you a video to help you understand some of the problems cane toads have caused in Australia.

We've also sent you designs of a few traps we made. So far, none of them have worked very well. Can you help us *imagine* ways to make them better?



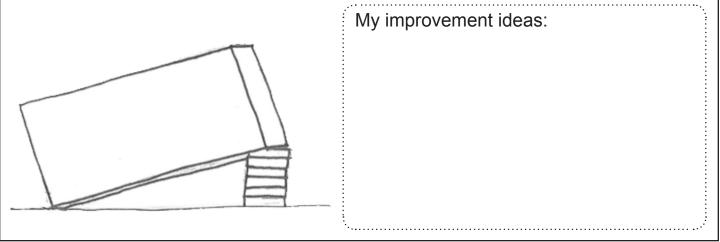
Cane Toad Traps

Hi guys,

Here are the designs for some of the traps we made. None of them have worked yet, so we know we need some help engineering better ones. Do you think you can help us?

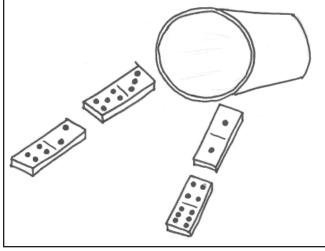
Trap 1: Box Trap

The box will fall on the cane toad when it knocks into the dominoes. But what if the toad does not hit the dominoes?



Trap 2: Cup Trap

The dominoes lead the toad into the cup. But we do not have a cover for the cup that works.



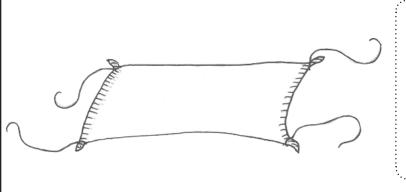
My improvement ideas:

Hop to It: Safe Removal of Invasive Species

Cane Toad Traps



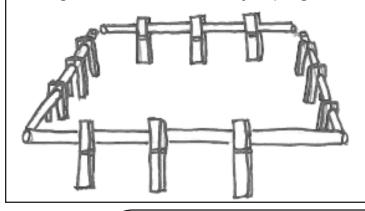
The towel is used like a net. When the toad jumps in, we can pull the strings to make a bag that holds the toad. But the strings are hard to pull all at once.



My improvement ideas:

Trap 4: Pen Trap

The clothespins and straws make a pen that would hold the toad. But it is not big enough and the toad could jump right out.



My improvement ideas:

improve these traps so they work?

After these traps did not work so well, we came up with some questions you might want to think about as you're building the traps. We think they will help you engineer better traps!

Is the trap

easy to use?





Once the cane toad is inside, can it jump back out?

Hop to It: Safe Removal of Invasive Species

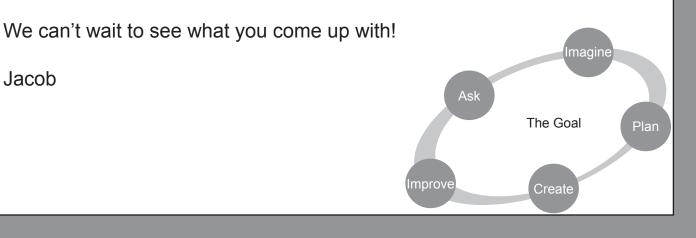
Message from the Duo

	reply forward	archive X delete
from	engineeringadventures@mos.org	e XX e
to:	You	
subject:	Engineering a Better Trap	12:09 PM
Hi every	/one,	

We're ready to start engineering a better trap to catch the cane toad. The ideas you had for *improving* our first designs were great. India and I are sure you'll be able to engineer a trap that works.

We've already started using the *ask* step of the Engineering Design Process to help us solve the problem. We *asked* some good questions about the problems cane toads can cause. Now, we need to *imagine* some ways to trap the toad and make a *plan*. Then we can *create* and test our trap designs. If they don't work quite right the first time, we can always *improve* them.

Cane toads can shoot poison up to 3 feet away, so we should make sure our trap is easy to activate when the cane toad is at least 4 feet away. Can you use what you know about technology, engineering, and the Engineering Design Process to help us design a trap that's 4 feet long? We sent you a special wind-up toad toy to help you test the cane toad traps you engineer.



Engineering a Trap



Draw a picture of the trap you engineered. Circle any parts you want to *improve* next time.

Test Results

How much space is there between where you activate your trap and where the toad gets caught?

□ 4 feet or more □ Less than 4 feet

Trial 1	Trial 2
□ Caught the cane toad	□ Caught the cane toad
□ Did not catch the cane toad	□ Did not catch the cane toad

Message from the Duo

	reply	forward		archive	X	delete				
from to: subject:	engineeringadver You Time is Almost Up	-	rg			2:45 PM				
	hnologies you en	•	-							
to have leave!	leaving early ton the traps ready t	o go so we c	can cato	h the cane	toad b	efore we				
need to the toac <i>improve</i>	d the final traps to be able to activa d will be caught. S your traps even to help you. This	te the traps Share your ic more! Use t	from at deas wi he step	least 4 fee th each oth s of the En	t away er and gineeri	from where try to				
If you have time, think about some ways to camouflage your trap—make it blend in to what's around it so the cane toad will not see it. You could also think about putting some bait inside to attract the toad.										
We're c	ounting on you .	and so are	e New Z	Zealand's n	ative a	nimals!				
India										
				Ask		Imagine Goal Plan eate				

Improve

Test Results

How much space is there between where you activate your trap and where the toad gets caught?

□ 4 feet or more □ Less than 4 feet

Trial 1	Trial 2
□ Caught the cane toad	□ Caught the cane toad
□ Did not catch the cane toad	□ Did not catch the cane toad

Below is a picture of our improved trap.

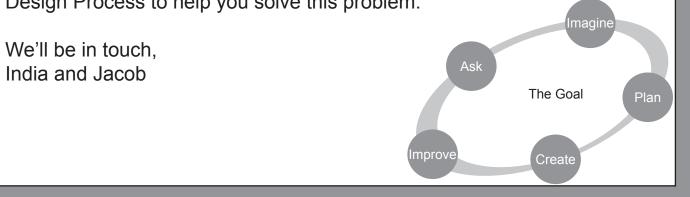
Message from the Duo

	reply forward	archive	delete							
from:	engineeringadventures@mos.org									
to:	You									
subject:	One More Thing 9:25 AM									
Hi everyone,										
Good news! With all your hard work, your creativity, and the Engineering Design Process, we caught the cane toad!										
	Cane toads are still a big problem in Australia, though. In fact, the problem									

there is getting worse every day. Luckily, there is more we can do to help. When we were in Australia, we saw lots of Public Service Announcements, or PSAs. A PSA is like a commercial, except instead of advertising something, you give information. In one of the Australian PSAs, a park ranger gave some great information about cane toads and what to do if you see one. We think you should make PSAs about the cane toad traps you engineered!

Think about it. At first, you probably didn't know very much about cane toads, but now you are all experts. You have even engineered technologies to trap them! Do you think you could teach other people about cane toads and how to engineer technologies to trap them?

Do your best! Be sure to tell everyone how you used the Engineering Design Process to help you solve this problem.



Engineering Showcase

TONG OF WILLIAM OF OF OF OF OF

Plan your PSA with your group.

How does your trap work? What are some improvements you made to your trap?

What steps of the Engineering Design Process did you use to help you design your trap?

What is the most important reason why people should help try to catch cane toads?

My Next Engineering Adventure

What materials do you

want to use?



What do you want to engineer next?

Draw your technology here:

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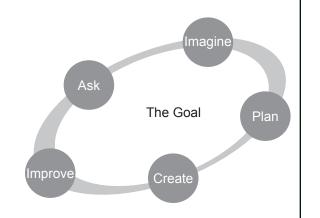
My engineering checklist:

- □ Find friends to work with.
- □ **Ask** questions about how to start.
- □ *Imagine* lots of ideas.
- □ Make a *plan*.
- □ **Create** and test the plan.
- □ *Improve* until you think it is ready.

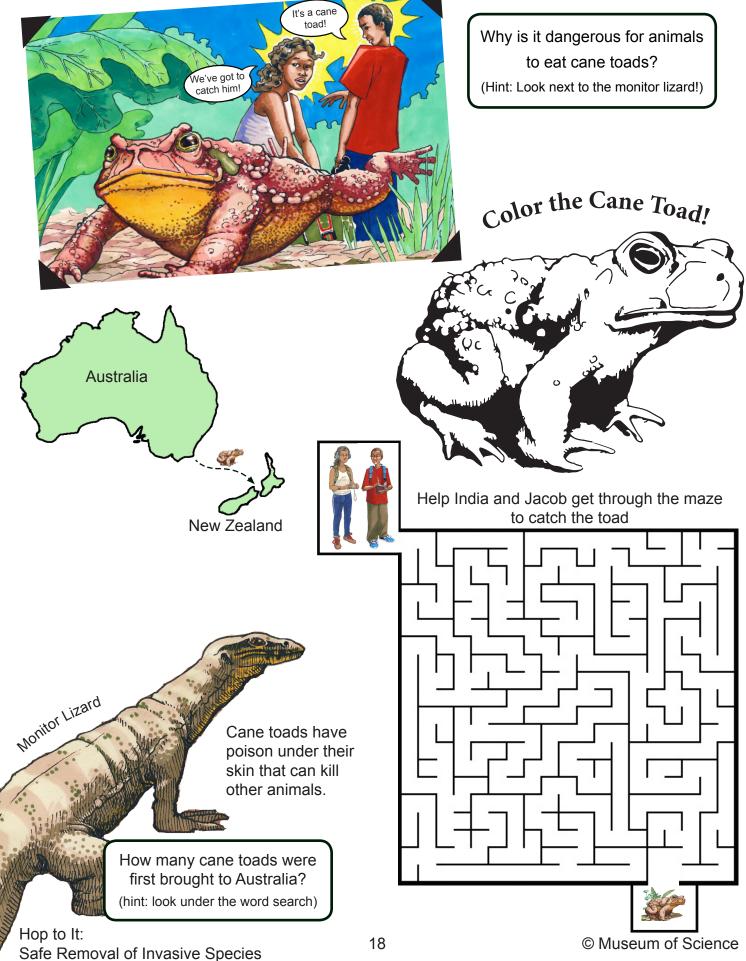
My Next Engineering Adventure



How is your engineering project going? Keep track of what you do on this page.



Cane Toad Problems



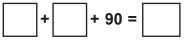
Cane Toad Problems

Cane Toad Word Search																				
Find the names of 9 animals harmed by the cane toad invasion:																				
Word Bank	S	Ν	Α	K	Е	S	Q	0	С	F	D	Н	Α	J	F	N	D	Н	Ν	S
CROCODILE	D	R	Х	Н	Ρ	F	U	R	Х	0	0	Х	В	С	Х	R	Ρ	В	Е	Т
DOGS	W	W	С	F	В	V	0	Ζ	G	Т	Ι	S	L	F	Α	Е	0	Q	Ζ	G
FROGS	D	Y	В	D	G	С	L	S	R	С	S	U	F	Ζ	Н	L	U	G	G	R
GOANNAS	0	К	Ν	Μ	0	Ι	L	М	Ι	Ι	J	А	Ι	D	G	Р	G	W	S	D
LIZARD	Ζ	Х	Κ	D	В	Ζ	V	Е	0	Н	S	L	Ν	L	D	0	Ν	Κ	Ι	Х
PEOPLE	J	V	Ι	0	V	Y	Н	W	С	V	Y	J	R	Ν	А	Е	Ν	F	Κ	Ι
QUOLL	0	L	Q	W	W	В	Ι	R	D	S	W	0	Ι	R	А	Ρ	Ι	G	В	L
SNAKES	Е	Ν	Ρ	0	R	Х	М	Е	С	Х	U	Κ	Е	Т	Н	0	С	D	Ι	Q
BIRDS	R	0	Т	Ι	Ν	0	Μ	В	F	I	В	Y	Ι	U	R	J	G	0	U	Ρ

Cane toads were brought to Australia in 1935. Some math using those numbers tells us how many were brought.



Add the two answers in the boxes plus 90 to find the number of cane toads brought to Australia in 1935.



Now there are millions!

Did you know that some scientists are working to make quolls immune to cane toad poison?

Quoll

Hop to It: Safe Removal of Invasive Species Draw your own Wanted poster for the cane toad!



